

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Based upon Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, as amended by Regulation (EU) No 2015/830

Soudal Timber Adhesive Pro 40P

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Product name : Soudal Timber Adhesive Pro 40P

Registration number REACH : Not applicable (mixture)

Product type REACH : Mixture

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

1.2.1 Relevant identified uses

Adhesive

1.2.2 Uses advised against

No uses advised against known

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier of the safety data sheet

SOUDAL N.V. Everdongenlaan 18-20 B-2300 Turnhout **3** +32 14 42 42 31

+32 14 42 65 14

msds@soudal.com

Manufacturer of the product

SOUDAL N.V.

Everdongenlaan 18-20 B-2300 Turnhout

3 +32 14 42 42 31 +32 14 42 65 14

msds@soudal.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

24h/24h (Telephone advice: English, French, German, Dutch):

+32 14 58 45 45 (BIG)

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classified as dangerous according to the criteria of Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

	0	
Class	Category	Hazard statements
Carc.	category 2	H351: Suspected of causing cancer.
Resp. Sens.	category 1	H334: May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
Skin Sens.	category 1	H317: May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Acute Tox.	category 4	H332: Harmful if inhaled.
STOT RE	category 2	H373: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled.
Skin Irrit.	category 2	H315: Causes skin irritation.
Eye Irrit.	category 2	H319: Causes serious eye irritation.
STOT SE	category 3	H335: May cause respiratory irritation.

2.2. Label elements





Contains: polymethylene polyphenyl isocyanate.

Signal word H-statements	Danger
H351	Suspected of causing cancer.
H334	May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled.
H315	Causes skin irritation.

Created by: Brandweerinformatiecentrum voor gevaarlijke stoffen vzw (BIG)

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H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
P-statements	
P101	If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.
P102	Keep out of reach of children.
P280	Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye protection/face protection.
P284	Wear respiratory protection.
P260	Do not breathe vapours/mist.
P304 + P340	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
P302 + P352	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water and soap.
P362 + P364	Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
P308 + P313	IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.
P312	Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell.
P501	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulation.

Supplemental information

- Persons already sensitised to diisocyanates may develop allergic reactions when using this product.
- Persons suffering from asthma, eczema or skin problems should avoid contact, including dermal contact, with this product.
- This product should not be used under conditions of poor ventilation unless a protective mask with an appropriate gas filter (i.e. type A1 according to standard EN 14387) is used.

2.3. Other hazards

No other hazards known

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

Not applicable

3.2. Mixtures

		CAS No EC No		Conc. (C)	Classification according to CLP	Note	Remark
xylene 01-2119488216-32		1330-20-7 215-535-7			Flam. Liq. 3; H226 Acute Tox. 4; H332 Acute Tox. 4; H312 Skin Irrit. 2; H315	(1)(2)(10)	Constituent
ethylbenzene 01-2119489370-35		100-41-4 202-849-4			Flam. Liq. 2; H225 Acute Tox. 4; H332 Asp. Tox. 1; H304 STOT RE 2; H373 Aquatic Chronic 3; H412	(1)(2)(6)(10)	Constituent
polymethylene polyphenyl isocy <mark>anate</mark>		9016-87-9			Carc. 2; H351 Resp. Sens. 1; H334 Skin Sens. 1; H317 Acute Tox. 4; H332 STOT RE 2; H373 Skin Irrit. 2; H315 Eye Irrit. 2; H319 STOT SE 3; H335	(1)(2)(8)(10)(18)	Polymer

⁽¹⁾ For H-statements in full: see heading 16

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General:

Check the vital functions. Unconscious: maintain adequate airway and respiration. Respiratory arrest: artificial respiration or oxygen. Cardiac arrest: perform resuscitation. Victim conscious with laboured breathing: half-seated. Victim in shock: on his back with legs slightly raised. Vomiting: prevent asphyxia/aspiration pneumonia. Prevent cooling by covering the victim (no warming up). Keep watching the victim. Give psychological aid. Keep the victim calm, avoid physical strain. Depending on the victim's condition: doctor/hospital.

After inhalation:

Remove the victim into fresh air. Respiratory problems: consult a doctor/medical service.

After skin contact:

Wash immediately with lots of water. Soap may be used. Take victim to a doctor if irritation persists.

After eye contact:

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⁽²⁾ Substance with a Community workplace exposure limit

⁽⁶⁾ Enumerated in Annex VI of Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 but the classification has been adapted after evaluation of available test data

⁽⁸⁾ Specific concentration limits, see heading 16

⁽¹⁰⁾ Subject to restrictions of Annex XVII of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

⁽¹⁸⁾ Polymethylene polyphenyl isocyanate, contains > 0.1% MDI-isomers

Rinse immediately with plenty of water. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Do not apply neutralizing agents. Take victim to an ophthalmologist if irritation persists.

After ingestion:

Rinse mouth with water. Do not induce vomiting. Consult a doctor/medical service if you feel unwell.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

4.2.1 Acute symptoms

After inhalation:

Coughing. Irritation of the respiratory tract. Irritation of the nasal mucous membranes. Runny nose. EXPOSURE TO HIGH CONCENTRATIONS: Central nervous system depression. Dizziness. Narcosis. Headache. Disturbances of consciousness.

After skin contact:

Tingling/irritation of the skin.

After eye contact:

Irritation of the eye tissue.

After ingestion:

AFTER INGESTION OF HIGH QUANTITIES: Central nervous system depression. Enlargement/affection of the liver. Symptoms similar to those listed under inhalation.

4.2.2 Delayed symptoms

No effects known.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

If applicable and available it will be listed below.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

5.1.1 Suitable extinguishing media:

Small fire: Quick-acting ABC powder extinguisher, Quick-acting BC powder extinguisher, Quick-acting class B foam extinguisher, Quick-acting CO2 extinguisher.

Major fire: Class B foam (not alcohol-resistant).

5.1.2 Unsuitable extinguishing media:

Small fire: Water (quick-acting extinguisher, reel); risk of puddle expansion.

Major fire: Water; risk of puddle expansion.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

On burning: release of toxic and corrosive gases/vapours (nitrous vapours, carbon monoxide - carbon dioxide). On heating: release of toxic/combustible gases/vapours (hydrogen cyanide).

5.3. Advice for firefighters

5.3.1 Instructions:

If exposed to fire cool the closed containers by spraying with water. Do not move the load if exposed to heat. Dilute toxic gases with water spray. Take account of toxic/corrosive precipitation water.

5.3.2 Special protective equipment for fire-fighters:

Gloves. Face-shield. Protective clothing. Heat/fire exposure: compressed air/oxygen apparatus.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

No naked flames.

6.1.1 Protective equipment for non-emergency personnel

See heading 8.2

6.1.2 Protective equipment for emergency responders

Gloves. Face-shield. Protective clothing.

Suitable protective clothing

See heading 8.2

6.2. Environmental precautions

Contain released product. Dam up the liquid spill. Prevent spreading in sewers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Allow product to solidify and remove it by mechanical means. Carefully collect the spill/leftovers. Clean (treat) contaminated surfaces with acetone. Take collected spill to manufacturer/competent authority. Wash clothing and equipment after handling.

6.4. Reference to other sections

See heading 13.

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SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section is a general description. If applicable and available, exposure scenarios are attached in annex. Always use the relevant exposure scenarios that correspond to your identified use.

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Keep away from naked flames/heat. Gas/vapour heavier than air at 20°C. Observe very strict hygiene - avoid contact. Keep container tightly closed. Remove contaminated clothing immediately. Do not discharge the waste into the drain.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

7.2.1 Safe storage requirements:

Store in a cool area. Meet the legal requirements. Max. storage time: 1 year(s).

7.2.2 Keep away from:

Heat sources, (strong) acids, (strong) bases.

7.2.3 Suitable packaging material:

Synthetic material.

7.2.4 Non suitable packaging material:

No data available

7.3. Specific end use(s)

If applicable and available, exposure scenarios are attached in annex. See information supplied by the manufacturer.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

8.1.1 Occupational exposure

a) Occupational exposure limit values

If limit values are applicable and available these will be listed below

EU	able and available triese will be listed t	letow.	
Ethylbenzene		Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (Indicative occupational exposure limit value)	100 ppm
		Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (Indicative occupational exposure limit value)	442 mg/m ³
		Short time value (Indicative occupational exposure limit value)	200 ppm
		Short time value (Indicative occupational exposure limit value)	884 mg/m³
Xylene, mixed isomers,	pure	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (Indicative occupational exposure limit value)	50 ppm
		Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (Indicative occupational exposure limit value)	221 mg/m ³
		Short time value (Indicative occupational exposure limit value)	100 ppm
		Short time value (Indicative occupational exposure limit value)	442 mg/m ³
Belgium			

Belgium			
4,4'-Diisocyanate de diphénylméthane (MDI)		Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h	0.005 ppm
		Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h	0.052 mg/m³
Ethylbenzène		Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h	100 ppm
		Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h	442 mg/m³
		Short time value	125 ppm
		Short time value	551 mg/m³
Xylène, isomères mixtes,	purs	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h	50 ppm
		Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h	221 mg/m³
		Short time value	100 ppm
		Short time value	442 mg/m³

The Netherlands		
Ethylbenzeen	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (Public occupational exposure limit value)	49 ppm
	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (Public occupational exposure limit value)	215 mg/m ³
	Short time value (Public occupational exposure limit value)	97 ppm
	Short time value (Public occupational exposure limit value)	430 mg/m³
Xyleen (o-,m- en p-isome	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (Public occupational exposure limit value)	48 ppm
	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (Public occupational exposure limit value)	210 mg/m ³
	Short time value (Public occupational exposure limit value)	100 ppm
	Short time value (Public occupational exposure limit value)	442 mg/m³

France

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			_				
4,4'-Diisocyanate de dip	hénylméthane			ighted average expo	osure limit 8 h (VL: Va	aleur non	0.01 ppm
			Time-wei	ighted average expo	osure limit 8 h (VL: Va	aleur non	0.1 mg/m ³
				réglementaire indicative) Short time value (VL: Valeur non réglementaire indicative)			
							0.02 ppm
					non réglementaire ir		0.2 mg/m ³
Ethylbenzène			Time-wei contraigr		osure limit 8 h (VRC: \	Valeur réglementaire	20 ppm
				ighted average expo	osure limit 8 h (VRC: \	Valeur réglementaire	88.4 mg/m³
					ır réglementaire cont	raignante)	100 ppm
					ir réglementaire cont		442 mg/m ³
Xylènes, isomères mixte				•	•	Valeur réglementaire	50 ppm
			contraigr Time-wei		osure limit 8 h (VRC: \	Valeur réglementaire	221 mg/m ³
			contraigr	nante)			-
					r réglementaire cont		100 ppm
			Short tim	ie value (VRC: Valeu	ir réglementaire cont	raignante)	442 mg/m ³
Germany							
4,4'-Methylendiphenyld	iisocyanat		Time-wei	ighted average expo	osure limit 8 h (TRGS	900)	0.05 mg/m ³
Ethylbenzol			Time-wei	ighted average expo	sure limit 8 h (TRGS	900)	20 ppm
,				<u> </u>	osure limit 8 h (TRGS		88 mg/m³
nMDI (alc MDI barachas	<u>ı</u> t)						
pMDI (als MDI berechne	· J		Imme-wei	ignieu average expo	osure limit 8 h (TRGS	300J	0.05 mg/m ³
UK							
Ethylbenzene			Time-wei (EH40/20		osure limit 8 h (Work	place exposure limit	100 ppm
				ighted average expo	osure limit 8 h (Work	place exposure limit	441 mg/m³
			E .	- * *	exposure limit (EH40	0/2005))	125 ppm
					exposure limit (EH40	,	552 mg/m ³
	\ .					,	
Isocyanates, all (as -NCC) Except methyl		(EH40/20	005))	osure limit 8 h (Work		0.02 mg/m ³
				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	exposure limit (EH40	,	0.07 mg/m ³
Xylene, o-,m-,p- or mixe	d isomers		Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (Workplace exposure limit (EH40/2005))			50 ppm	
			Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (Workplace exposure limit				220 mg/m ³
			(EH40/20	005))			_
			Short tim	e value (Workplace	exposure limit (EH40	0/2005))	100 ppm
					exposure limit (EH40		441 mg/m ³
USA (TLV-ACGIH)						1	•
Ethyl benzene			Time-wei	ighted average expo	osure limit 8 h (TLV - A	Adopted Value)	20 ppm
Methylene bisphenyl iso	cvanate (MDI)				sure limit 8 h (TLV - /		0.005 ppm
Xylene (all isomers)	, , , , ,			<u> </u>	osure limit 8 h (TLV - /		100 ppm
ryiene (un isomers)				ne value (TLV - Adop		ruopteu value)	150 ppm
b) National biological lin				() = () = ()			Les Phin
If limit values are applica	ible and available	these will be listed be	elow.				
Germany Ethylbenzol (Mandelsäu	ro plus	Llein, avnasitiansands	h = 1.1. col	nichtanda	250 mg/g Kroatinis	11/2016 Ctändiga Ca	nateliammiesis
Phenylglyoxylsäure)	re plus	Urin: expositionsende	e, bzw. sci	ncriteriae	250 mg/g Kreatimi	n 11/2016 Ständige Se Prüfung gesundheits	
Prierryigiyoxyisaure)						Arbeitsstoffe der DF	
						Arbeitsstoffe der DFC	J
USA (BEI-ACGIH)							
Ethyl benzene (Sum of n phenylglyoxylic acid)	nandelic acid and	Urine: end of shift			0,15 g/g creatinine	Nonspecific - Intende	ed changes
Ethyl benzene (Sum of n	nandelic acid and	Urine: end of shift			0,15 mg/g creatinine		
.1.2 Sampling methods			-		creatiline	,	
Product name			Test		Number		
	rhone Aromatic		_				
Ethyl Benzene (Hydroca	boris, Aromatic)		NIOSI		1501		
Ethyl Benzene			OSHA		1002		
Ethyl Benzene			OSHA		7		
Isocyanates			NIOSI		5521		
Isocyanates			NIOSI		5522		
	compounds)		NIOSI				
Xylene (Volatile Organic					2549		
1.3 Applicable limit value If limit values are applica				aea			
1.4 DNEL/PNEC values							
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DNEL/DMEL - Workers

Effect level (DNEL/DMEL)		уре	Value	Remark
DNEL	Lo	ong-term systemic effects inhalation	77 mg/m³	
	A	cute systemic effects inhalation	289 mg/m³	
	A	cute local effects inhalation	289 mg/m³	
	Le	ong-term systemic effects dermal	180 mg/kg bw/day	

ethylbenzene

Effect level (DNEL/DMEL)	Туре	Value	Remark
DNEL	Long-term systemic effects inhalation	77 mg/m³	
	Acute local effects inhalation	293 mg/m³	
	Long-term systemic effects dermal	180 mg/kg bw/day	

DNEL/DMEL - General population

<u>xylene</u>

Effect level (DNEL/DMEL)		Туре	Value	Remark
DNEL		Long-term systemic effects inhalation	14.8 mg/m³	
		Acute systemic effects inhalation	174 mg/m³	
		Acute local effects inhalation	174 mg/m³	
		Long-term systemic effects dermal	108 mg/kg bw/day	
		Long-term systemic effects oral	1.6 mg/kg bw/day	

ethylbenzene

Effect level (DNEL/DMEL)	Туре	Remark	
DNEL	Long-term systemic effects inhalation	15 mg/m³	
	Long-term systemic effects oral	1.6 mg/kg bw/day	

PNEC

xylene

Compartments	Value	Remark
Fresh water	<mark>0.327 m</mark> g/l	
Marine water	<mark>0.327 m</mark> g/l	
STP	<mark>6.58 mg/l</mark>	
Fresh water sediment	12.46 mg/kg sediment dw	
Marine water sediment	12.46 mg/kg sediment dw	
Soil	2.31 mg/kg soil dw	

ethylbenzene

Compartments	Value	Remark
Fresh water	0.1 mg/l	
Marine water	0.01 mg/l	
Aqua (intermittent releases)	0.1 mg/l	
STP	9.6 mg/l	
Fresh water sediment	13.7 mg/kg sediment dw	
Marine water sediment	1.37 mg/kg sediment dw	
Soil	2.68 mg/kg soil dw	
Oral	0.02 g/kg food	

8.1.5 Control banding

If applicable and available it will be listed below.

8.2. Exposure controls

The information in this section is a general description. If applicable and available, exposure scenarios are attached in annex. Always use the relevant exposure scenarios that correspond to your identified use.

8.2.1 Appropriate engineering controls

Keep away from naked flames/heat. Measure the concentration in the air regularly. Carry operations in the open/under local exhaust/ventilation or with respiratory protection.

8.2.2 Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Observe very strict hygiene - avoid contact. Keep container tightly closed. Do not eat, drink or smoke during work.

a) Respiratory protection:

Full face mask with filter type A at conc. in air > exposure limit.

b) Hand protection:

Gloves.

c) Eye protection:

Face shield.

d) Skin protection:

Protective clothing.

8.2.3 Environmental exposure controls:

See headings 6.2, 6.3 and 13

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SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical form		Liquid				
Odour		Solvent-like odour				
Odour threshold		No data available				
Colour		Brown				
Particle size		Not applicable (liquid)				
Explosion limits		No data available				
Flammability		Non-flammable				
Log Kow		Not applicable (mixture)				
Dynamic viscosity		No data available				
Kinematic viscosity		No data available				
Melting point		No data available				
Boiling point		No data available				
Evaporation rate		No data available				
Relative vapour density		> 2				
Vapour pressure		No data available				
Solubility		Water ; insoluble				
Relative density		1.1; 20 °C				
Decomposition temperat	ture	No data available				
Auto-ignition temperatur	re	No data available				
Flash point		Not applicable				
Explosive properties		No chemical group associated with explosive properties				
Oxidising properties		No chemical group associated with oxidising properties				
рН		No data available				

9.2. Other information

Absolute density 1100 kg/m³; 20 °C

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Heating increases the fire hazard.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Reacts violently with (some) acids/bases.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Precautionary measures

Keep away from naked flames/heat.

10.5. Incompatible materials

(strong) acids, (strong) bases.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

On heating: release of toxic/combustible gases/vapours (hydrogen cyanide). On burning: release of toxic and corrosive gases/vapours (nitrous vapours, carbon monoxide - carbon dioxide).

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

11.1.1 Test results

Acute toxicity

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No (test)data on the mixture available

Classification is based on the relevant ingredients

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	re Parameter	Method	Value	Exposure time	Species	Value determination	Remark
Oral	LD50	Equivalent to EU Method B.1	3523 mg/kg bw		Rat (male)	Experimental value	
Dermal		Wethou B.1	category 4			Annex VI	
Inhalation (vapou	urs)		category 4			Annex VI	
, ,							
Classification of the thylbenzene	his substa <mark>nce acc</mark>	cording to Annex VI is	debatable as it doe	es not correspond to	the conclusion from	the test	
Route of exposu	re Parameter	Method	Value	Exposure time	Species	Value determination	Remark
Oral	LD50		3500 mg/kg		Rat (male/female)	Experimental value	
Dermal	LD50		15432 mg/kg	24 h	Rabbit (male)	Experimental value	
Inhalation (vapou	urs) LC50		17.8 mg/l	4 h	Rat (male)		
L Olymethylene polyp	henyl isocyanate						
Route of exposul		Method	Value	Exposure time	Species		Remark
Oral	LD50		> 10000 mg/kg		Rat	determination Literature study	
Dermal	LD50		> 5000 mg/kg	+	Rabbit	Literature study	
Inhalation (vapou			10 mg/l - 20 mg/l	4 h	Rat	Literature study	
Inhalation nclusion			category 4			Literature study	
ion/irritation							
al Timber Adhesive o (test)data on the	mixture a <mark>vailable</mark>						
o (test)data on the lassification is based	mixture a <mark>vailable</mark>						
o (test)data on the lassification is based <u>ylene</u>	mixture available d on the relevant	ingredients	Fxnosure time	Time point	Species	Value	Remark
o (test)data on the lassification is based	mixture available d on the relevant		Exposure time	Time point	Species	Value determination	Remark
o (test)data on the lassification is based <u>ylene</u>	mixture available d on the relevant	ingredients	Exposure time	Time point 24; 48; 72 hours			
o (test)data on the lassification is based ylene Route of exposure	mixture available d on the relevant e Result Moderately	ingredients Method	Exposure time 24 h - 72 h			determination	e
o (test)data on the lassification is based <u>ylene</u> Route of exposure	mixture available d on the relevant e Result Moderately irritating Moderately	Method Draize Test		24; 48; 72 hours	Rabbit	determination Experimental valu	e
o (test)data on the lassification is based vlene Route of exposure Eye Skin Inhalation (vapours)	mixture available don the relevant Result Moderately irritating Moderately irritating Irritating	Method Draize Test Draize Skin Test	24 h - 72 h	24; 48; 72 hours 24; 72 hours	Rabbit Rabbit Human	determination Experimental valu Experimental valu	e
o (test)data on the lassification is based viene Route of exposure Eye Skin Inhalation (vapours) Classification of ti	mixture available don the relevant Result Moderately irritating Moderately irritating Irritating	Method Draize Test	24 h - 72 h	24; 48; 72 hours 24; 72 hours	Rabbit Rabbit Human	determination Experimental valu Experimental valu	e
o (test)data on the lassification is based viene Route of exposure Eye Skin Inhalation (vapours) Classification of ti	mixture available don the relevant e Result Moderately irritating Moderately irritating Irritating Irritating his substance according	Method Draize Test Draize Skin Test	24 h - 72 h	24; 48; 72 hours 24; 72 hours	Rabbit Rabbit Human	determination Experimental valu Experimental valu the test Value	e
o (test)data on the lassification is based viene Route of exposure Eye Skin Inhalation (vapours) Classification of the state of th	mixture available don the relevant e Result Moderately irritating Moderately irritating Irritating Irritating his substance according	Method Draize Test Draize Skin Test cording to Annex VI is	24 h - 72 h 4 h debatable as it doe	24; 48; 72 hours 24; 72 hours es not correspond to	Rabbit Rabbit Human the conclusion from	determination Experimental valu Experimental valu the test	e e Remark
o (test)data on the lassification is based viene Route of exposure Eye Skin Inhalation (vapours) Classification of titylbenzene Route of exposure	mixture available don the relevant don t	Method Draize Test Draize Skin Test cording to Annex VI is	24 h - 72 h 4 h debatable as it doe	24; 48; 72 hours 24; 72 hours es not correspond to Time point	Rabbit Rabbit Human the conclusion from	determination Experimental valu Experimental valu the test Value determination	e e Remark
o (test)data on the lassification is based viene Route of exposure Eye Skin Inhalation (vapours) Classification of the standard of exposure Eye Route of exposure Eye Skin	mixture available don the relevant don the relevant don't he relev	Method Draize Test Draize Skin Test cording to Annex VI is Method	24 h - 72 h 4 h debatable as it doe Exposure time	24; 48; 72 hours 24; 72 hours es not correspond to Time point 7 days	Rabbit Rabbit Human the conclusion from Species Rabbit	determination Experimental valu Experimental valu the test Value determination Experimental valu	e e Remark
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Soudal Timber Adhesive Pro 40P

No (test)data on the mixture available

Classification is based on the relevant ingredients

<u>xylene</u>

Route of exposure	Result	Method	Exposure time	Observation time	Species	Value determination	Remark
				point			
Skin	Not sens <mark>itizing</mark>	OECD 429			Mouse	Experimental value	

ethylbenzene

Route of exposure	Result	Method	Exposu	Observation time point	Species	Value determination	Remark
Skin						Data waiving	

polymethylene polyphenyl isocyanate

Route of exposure	Result	Method	•	Observation time point	Species	Value determination	Remark
Skin	Sensitizing; category 1				1	Literature study	
Inhalation	Sensitizing; category 1					Literature study	

Conclusion

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.

Specific target organ toxicity

Soudal Timber Adhesive Pro 40P

No (test)data on the mixture available

Classification is based on the relevant ingredients

<u>xylene</u>

Route of exposure	Parameter	Method	Value	Organ	Effect	Exposure time	Species	Value
								determination
Oral (stomach	LOAEL	Equivalent to	150 mg/kg	Liver	Weight gain	90 days (1x/day)	Rat (male)	Experimental
tube)		OECD 408	bw/day					value
Oral (stomach	NOAEL	Equivalent to	150 mg/kg	Liver	No effect	90 days (1x/day)	Rat (female)	Experimental
tube)		OECD 408	bw/day					value
Inhalation	NOAEC	Subchronic	≥ 3515 mg/m³		No effect	13 weeks (6h/day, 5	Rat (male)	Experimental
(vapours)		toxicity test				days/week)		value

ethylbenzene

Route of exposure	Parameter	Method	Value	Organ	Effect	Exposure time		Value determination
Oral (stomach tube)	NOAEL	OECD 408	75 mg/kg bw/day		Enlargement/aff ection of the liver	` '	Rat (male/female)	Experimental value
Oral (stomach tube)	LOAEL	OECD 408	250 mg/kg bw/day		Enlargement/aff ection of the liver		Rat (male/female)	Experimental value
Inhalation	NOAEL	Equivalent to OECD 413	1000 ppm			13 weeks (6h/day, 5 days/week)	Mouse (male/female)	Experimental value

Due to differences in metabolism the relevance for humans if swallowed is questioned

polymethylene polyphenyl isocyanate

Route of exposure	Paramet	ter	Method	Value	Organ	Effect	Exposure time	Value determination
Inhalation				STOT RE cat.2				Literature study

Conclusion

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled.

Mutagenicity (in vitro)

Soudal Timber Adhesive Pro 40P

No (test)data on the mixture available

<u>xylene</u>

Result	Method	Test substrate	Effect	Value determination
Negative with metabolic	Equivalent to EU Method B.10	Chinese hamster ovary (CHO)		Experimental value
activation, negative without				
metabolic activation				
Negative with metabolic	Equivalent to EU Method B.19	Chinese hamster ovary (CHO)		Experimental value
activation, negative without				
metabolic activation				

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ethy	<u>rlbenzene</u>				
	Result	Method	Test substrate	Effect	Value determination
	Negative with metabolic	Equivalent to OECD 473	Chinese hamster ovary (CHO)	No effect	Experimental value
	activation, negative without				
	metabolic activation				

Mutagenicity (in vivo)

Soudal Timber Adhesive Pro 40P

No (test)data on the mixture available

Judgement is based on the relevant ingredients

<u>xylene</u>

Result	Method	Exposure time	Test substrate	Organ	Value determination
Negative	Equivalent to OEC		Mouse (male/female)		Experimental value
	478				

ethylbenzene

Result		/lethod	Exposure time	Test substrate	Organ	Value determination
Negative	0	ECD 474		Mouse (male)		Experimental value

Conclusion

Not classified for mutagenic or genotoxic toxicity

Carcinogenicity

Soudal Timber Adhesive Pro 40P

No (test)data on the mixture available

Classification is based on the relevant ingredients

<u>xylene</u>

Route of	Parameter	Method	Value	Exposure time	Species	Effect	Organ	Value
exposure								determination
Oral	Dose level	Equivalent to EU	≥ 500 mg/kg	103 weeks (5	Rat	No carcinogenic		Experimental
		Method B.32	bw/day	days/week)	(male/female)	effect		value

ethylbenzene

Route of	Parameter	Method	Value	Exposure time	Species	Effect	Organ	Value
exposure								determination
Inhalation	NOAEC	Equivalent to	250 ppm	104 weeks (6h/day,	Rat	No carcinogenic		Experimental
(vapours)		OECD 453		5 days/week)	(male/female)	effect		value

polymethylene polyphenyl isocyanate

Route of	Parameter	Method	Value	Exposure time	Species	Effect	Organ	Value
exposure								determination
Unknown			category 2					Literature study

Conclusion

Suspected of causing cancer.

Reproductive toxicity

Soudal Timber Adhesive Pro 40P

No (test)data on the mixture available

Judgement is based on the relevant ingredients

<u>xylene</u>

	Parameter	Method	Value	Exposure time	Species	Effect	. 3	Value determination
Developmental toxicity	NOAEC	Equivalent to OECD 414	100 ppm	15 days (6h/day)	Rat (male/female)	No effect		Experimental value
Maternal toxicity	NOAEC	OECD 414	500 ppm	15 days (6h/day)	Rat	No effect		Experimental value
Effects on fertility	NOAEC (P)	EPA OPPTS 870.3800	≥ 500 ppm	70 days (6h/day)	Rat (male/female)	No effect		Experimental value
	NOAEC (F1)	EPA OPPTS 870.3800	≥ 500 ppm	70 days (6h/day)	Rat (male/female)	No effect		Experimental value

ethylbenzene

	Parameter	Method	Value	Exposure time	Species	Effect	. 3	Value determination
Developmental toxicity	NOAEC	OECD 414	500 ppm	15 days (gestation, daily)	Rat (female)	No effect		Experimental value
Maternal toxicity	NOAEC	OECD 414	500 ppm	15 days (gestation, daily)	Rat	No effect		Experimental value
Effects on fertility	NOAEC (P/F1/F2)	OECD 416		, .	Rat (male/female)	No effect		Experimental value

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Conclusion

Not classified for reprotoxic or developmental toxicity

Toxicity other effects

Soudal Timber Adhesive Pro 40P

No (test)data on the mixture available

Chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Soudal Timber Adhesive Pro 40P

ON CONTINUOUS/REPEATED EXPOSURE/CONTACT: Dry skin. Itching. Skin rash/inflammation. Respiratory difficulties.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Soudal Timber Adhesive Pro 40P

No (test)data on the mixture available

Judgement of the mixture is based on the relevant ingredients

xvlene

ylene		Parameter	Method	Value	Duration	Species	Test design	Fresh/salt water	Value determination
Acute toxicity fishes		LC50	OECD 203	2.6 mg/l		Oncorhynchus mykiss	Static system	Fresh water	Read-across; Lethal
Acute toxicity crustacea		EC50		3.82 mg/l	48 h	Daphnia magna	Flow-through system	Fresh water	Read-across
Toxicity algae and other aqu plants	atic	EC50	OECD 201	4.36 mg/l		Pseudokirchnerie lla subcapitata	Static system	Fresh water	Experimental value; Growth rate
Long-term toxicity fish		NOEC		> 1.3 mg/l	, , ,	Oncorhynchus mykiss	Flow-through system	Fresh water	Experimental value; Lethal
Long-term toxicity aquatic crustacea		NOEC	US EPA	1.17 mg/l	7 day(s)	Ceriodaphnia dubia		Fresh water	Read-across; Reproduction

ethylbenzene

	Parameter	Method	Value	Duration	Species		Fresh/salt water	Value determination
Acute toxicity fishes	LC50	OECD 203	4.2 mg/l	96 h		Semi-static system	Fresh water	Experimental value
Acute toxicity crustacea	EC50		<mark>1.8 mg/l - 2.4</mark> <mark>mg/l</mark>	48 h	Daphnia magna	Static system	Fresh water	Experimental value
Toxicity algae and other aquatic plants	EC50	OECD 201	4.6 mg/l		Selenastrum capricornutum			Experimental value; Growth rate
Long-term toxicity fish	ChV	ECOSAR v1.00	1.13 mg/l	30 day(s)	Pisces			QSAR
Long-term toxicity aquatic crustacea	NOEC	US EPA	1 mg/l	, , ,		Semi-static system	Fresh water	Experimental value; Reproduction
Toxicity aquatic micro- organisms	EC50		96 mg/l	24 h	Nitrosomonas			Experimental value

polymethylene polyphenyl isocyanate

	Parameter	Method	Value	Duration	Species	3	Fresh/salt water	Value determination
Acute toxicity other aquatic organisms	LC50		> 1000 mg/l	96 h				Literature study
Toxicity aquatic micro- organisms	EC50	OECD 209	> 100 mg/l		Activated sludge			Literature study

Conclusion

Not classified as dangerous for the environment according to the criteria of Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

12.2. Persistence and degradability

xylene

Biodegradation water

Method	Value	Duration	Value determination
OECD 301: Ready Biodegradability	100 %	12 day(s)	Experimental value

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Value Duration Value determination	<u>hylbenzene</u>									
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Value Conc. OH-radicals Value determination	ISO 14593			70 % - 80 %	; GLP		28 day(s)		Exper	imental value
2.3 day(s) 500000 /cm³ Literature study		tion air (DT	50 air)				la a			
lene polyphenyl isocyanate datition water d d	Method			7 7 7						
dation water d				2.3 day(s)			500000 /	cm³	Litera	ture study
Experimental value Experimental value	olymethylene poly Biodegradation w	phenyl isoc ater	<u>yanate</u>							
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12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Does not contain component(s) that meet(s) the criteria of PBT and/or vPvB as listed in Annex XIII of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006.

12.6. Other adverse effects

Soudal Timber Adhesive Pro 40P

Fluorinated greenhouse gases (Regulation (EU) No 517/2014)

None of the known components is included in the list of fluorinated greenhouse gases (Regulation (EU) No 517/2014)

Ozone-depleting potential (ODP)

Not classified as dangerous for the ozone layer (Regulation (EC) No 1005/2009)

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xylene

Groundwater

Groundwater pollutant

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The information in this section is a general description. If applicable and available, exposure scenarios are attached in annex. Always use the relevant exposure scenarios that correspond to your identified use.

13.1. Waste treatment methods

13.1.1 Provisions relating to waste

European Union

Hazardous waste according to Directive 2008/98/EC, as amended by Regulation (EU) No 1357/2014 and Regulation (EU) No 2017/997. Waste material code (Directive 2008/98/EC, Decision 2000/0532/EC).

08 04 09* (wastes from MFSU of adhesives and sealants (including waterproofing products): waste adhesives and sealants containing organic solvents or other hazardous substances). Depending on branch of industry and production process, also other waste codes may be applicable.

13.1.2 Disposal methods

Incinerate under surveillance with energy recovery. Remove waste in accordance with local and/or national regulations. Hazardous waste shall not be mixed together with other waste. Different types of hazardous waste shall not be mixed together if this may entail a risk of pollution or create problems for the further management of the waste. Hazardous waste shall be managed responsibly. All entities that store, transport or handle hazardous waste shall take the necessary measures to prevent risks of pollution or damage to people or animals. Do not discharge into drains or the environment.

13.1.3 Packaging/Container

European Union

Waste material code packaging (Directive 2008/98/EC).

15 01 10* (packaging containing residues of or contaminated by dangerous substances).

SECTION 14: Transport information

Road (ADR), Rail (RID), Inland waterways (ADN), Sea (IMDG/IMSBC), Air (ICAO-TI/IATA-DGR)

14.1. UN number			
Transport			Not subject
14.2. UN proper shipping na	ame		
14.3. Transport hazard class	(es)		
Hazard identification nu	mber		
Class			
Classification code			
14.4. Packing group			
Packing group			
Labels			
14.5. Environmental hazard	s		
Environmentally hazard	ous substance mark		no
14.6. Special precautions for	r user		
Special provisions			
Limited quantities			
14.7. Transport in bulk acco	rding to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC	Code	
Annex II of MARPOL 73/	78		Not applicable, based on available data

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

European legislation:

VOC content Directive 2010/75/EU

VOC content	VOC content			Remark				
4.266 % - 8.16 %								
46.926 g/l - 89.76 g/l				,				

Indicative occupational exposure limit values (Directive 98/24/EC, 2000/39/EC and 2009/161/EU)

Product name	Skin resorption
Ethylbenzene	Skin
Xylene, mixed isomers, pure	Skin

REACH Annex XVII - Restriction

Contains component(s) subject to restrictions of Annex XVII of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006: restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles.

	Designation of the substance, of the group of	Conditions of restriction
	substances or of the mixture	
· ethylbenzene	Liquid substances or mixtures which are	1. Shall not be used in:
· polymethylene polyphenyl isocyanate	regarded as dangerous in accordance with	— ornamental articles intended to produce light or colour effects by means of different
	Directive 1999/45/EC or are fulfilling the	phases, for example in ornamental lamps and ashtrays,
	criteria for any of the following hazard	— tricks and jokes,

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	classes or categories set out in Annex I to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008: (a) hazard classes 2.1 to 2.4, 2.6 and 2.7, 2.8 types A and B, 2.9, 2.10, 2.12, 2.13 categories 1 and 2, 2.14 categories 1 and 2, 2.15 types A to F; (b) hazard classes 3.1 to 3.6, 3.7 adverse effects on sexual function and fertility or on development, 3.8 effects other than narcotic effects, 3.9 and 3.10; (c) hazard class 4.1; (d) hazard class 5.1.	— games for one or more participants, or any article intended to be used as such, even with ornamental aspects, 2. Articles not complying with paragraph 1 shall not be placed on the market. 3. Shall not be placed on the market if they contain a colouring agent, unless required for fiscal reasons, or perfume, or both, if they: — can be used as fuel in decorative oil lamps for supply to the general public, and, — present an aspiration hazard and are labelled with R65 or H304, 4. Decorative oil lamps for supply to the general public shall not be placed on the market unless they conform to the European Standard on Decorative oil lamps (EN 14059) adopted by the European Committee for Standardisation (CEN). 5. Without prejudice to the implementation of other Community provisions relating to the classification, packaging and labelling of dangerous substances and mixtures, suppliers shall ensure, before the placing on the market, that the following requirements are met: a) lamp oils, labelled with R65 or H304, intended for supply to the general public are visibly, legibly and indelibly marked as follows: "Keep lamps filled with this liquid out of the reach of children"; and, by 1 December 2010, "Just a sip of lamp oil — or even sucking the wick of lamps — may lead to life- threatening lung damage"; b) grill lighter fluids, labelled with R65 or H304, intended for supply to the general public are legibly and indelibly marked by 1 December 2010 as follows: "Just a sip of grill lighter may lead to life threatening lung damage"; c) lamp oils and grill lighters, labelled with R65 or H304, intended for supply to the general public are packaged in black opaque containers not exceeding 1 litre by 1 December 2010. 6. No later than 1 June 2014, the Commission shall request the European Chemicals Agency to prepare a dossier, in accordance with Article 69 of the present Regulation with a view to ban, if appropriate, grill lighter fluids and fuel for decorative lamps, labelled R65 or H304, intended for supply to the general
· xylene · ethylbenzene	Substances classified as flammable gases category 1 or 2, flammable liquids categories 1, 2 or 3, flammable solids category 1 or 2, substances and mixtures which, in contact with water, emit flammable gases, category 1, 2 or 3, pyrophoric liquids category 1 or pyrophoric solids category 1, regardless of whether they appear in Part 3 of Annex VI to that Regulation or not.	1. Shall not be used, as substance or as mixtures in aerosol dispensers where these aerosol dispensers are intended for supply to the general public for entertainment and decorative purposes such as the following: — metallic glitter intended mainly for decoration, — artificial snow and frost, — "whoopee" cushions, — silly string aerosols, — imitation excrement, — horns for parties, — decorative flakes and foams, — artificial cobwebs, — strink bombs. 2. Without prejudice to the application of other Community provisions on the classification, packaging and labelling of substances, suppliers shall ensure before the placing on the market that the packaging of aerosol dispensers referred to above is marked visibly, legibly and indelibly with: "For professional users only". 3. By way of derogation, paragraphs 1 and 2 shall not apply to the aerosol dispensers referred to Article 8 (1a) of Council Directive 75/ 324/EEC. 4. The aerosol dispensers referred to in paragraphs 1 and 2 shall not be placed on the market unless they conform to the requirements indicated.
· polymethylene polyphenyl isocyanate	Methylenediphenyl diisocyanate (MDI) including the following specific isomers: 4,4'-Methylenediphenyl diisocyanate; 2,4'-Methylenediphenyl diisocyanate; 2,2'-Methylenediphenyl diisocyanate	1. Shall not be placed on the market after 27 December 2010, as a constituent of mixtures in concentrations equal to or greater than 0,1 % by weight of MDI for supply to the general public, unless suppliers shall ensure before the placing on the market that the packaging: (a) contains protective gloves which comply with the requirements of Council Directive 89/686/EEC; (b) is marked visibly, legibly and indelibly as follows, and without prejudice to other Community legislation concerning the classification, packaging and labelling of substances and mixtures: "— Persons already sensitised to diisocyanates may develop allergic reactions when using this product. — Persons suffering from asthma, eczema or skin problems should avoid contact, including dermal contact, with this product. — This product should not be used under conditions of poor ventilation unless a protective mask with an appropriate gas filter (i.e. type A1 according to standard EN 14387) is used. 2. By way of derogation, paragraph 1(a) shall not apply to hot melt adhesives.
National legislation Belgium Soudal Timber Adhesive Pro No data available xylene		
Résorption peau		ntion "D" signifie que la résorption de l'agent, via la peau, les muqueuses ou les l'exposition totale. Cette résorption peut se faire tant par contact direct que par
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ethylbenzene	
Résorption peau	Ethylbenzène; D; La mention "D" signifie que la résorption de l'agent, via la peau, les muqueuses ou les yeux, consti
	une partie importante de l'exposition totale. Cette résorption peut se faire tant par contact direct que par présence l'agent dans l'air.
National legislation The Nether	l <mark>ands</mark>
Soudal Timber Adhesive Pro	
Waterbezwaarlijkheid	B (3)
xylene Huidopname (wettelijk)	Xyleen (o-,m- en p-isomeren); H
SZW - Lijst van voor de	xyleen; 2; Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
voortplanting giftige st <mark>offe</mark>	
(ontwikkeling)	
ethylbenzene Huidopname (wettelijk)	Ethylbenzeen; H
-	ctilyibetizeeti, n
National legislation France	
Soudal Timber Adhesive Pro No data available	<u>40P</u>
xylene Risque de pénétration	Xylènes, isomères mixtes, purs; PP
percutanée	
<u>ethylbenzene</u>	
Risque de pénétration	Ethylbenzène; PP
percutanée polymethylene polyphenyl is	rocyanate
Catégorie cancérogène	4,4'-Diisocyanate de diphénylméthane; C2
National legislation Germany Soudal Timber Adhesive Pro	AOD.
WGK	2; Classification water polluting based on the components in compliance with Verwaltungsvorschrift wassergefährd
11.5.	Stoffe (VwVwS) of 27 July 2005 (Anhang 4) and Verordnung über Anlagen zum Umgang mit wassergefährdenden Sto
	(AwSV) of 18 April 2017
<u>xylene</u>	Far I
TA-Luft ethylbenzene	5.2.5; 1
TA-Luft	5.2.5; I
TRGS900 - Risiko der	Ethylbenzol; Y; Risiko der Fruchtschädigung braucht bei Einhaltung des Arbeitsplatzgrenzwertes und des biologische
Fruchtschädigung	Grenzwertes nicht befürchtet zu werden
Hautresorptive Stoffe	Ethylbenzol; H; Hautresorptiv
polymethylene polyphenyl is	5.2.5; I
TRGS900 - Risiko der	4,4'-Methylendiphenyldiisocyanat; Y; Risiko der Fruchtschädigung braucht bei Einhaltung des Arbeitsplatzgrenzwert
Fruchtschädigung	und des biologischen Grenzwertes nicht befürchtet zu werden
	pMDI (als MDI berechnet); Y; Risiko der Fruchtschädigung braucht bei Einhaltung des Arbeitsplatzgrenzwertes und d
Sensibilisierende Stoffe	biologischen Grenzwertes nicht befürchtet zu werden 4,4'-Methylendiphenyldiisocyanat; Sah; Atemwegssensibilisierende Stoffe Und Hautsensibilisierende Stoffe, an beid
Sensibilisierende Stoffe	Zielorganen Allergien auslösende
	pMDI (als MDI berechnet); Sa; Atemwegssensibilisierende Stoffe
TRGS905 - Krebserzeug <mark>end</mark>	
TRGS905 - Erbgutveränder	
TRGS905 - Fruchtbarkeitsgefährdend	Techn. ("Polymeres") MDI (pMDI) (in Form atembarer Aerosole, A-Fraktion); -
TRGS905 - Fruchtschädige	nd Techn. ("Polymeres") MDI (pMDI) (in Form atembarer Aerosole, A-Fraktion); -
Hautresorptive Stoffe	4,4'-Methylendiphenyldiisocyanat; H; Hautresorptiv
	pMDI (als MDI berechnet); H; Hautresorptiv
National legislation United King	dom
Soudal Timber Adhesive Pro	
No data available	
<u>xylene</u>	
Skin absorption	Xylene, o-,m-,p- or mixed isomers; Sk
ethylbenzene Skin absorption	Ethylhonzono: Sk
Skin absorption polymethylene polyphenyl is	Ethylbenzene; Sk
Skin Sensitisation	Isocyanates, all (as -NCO) Except methyl isocyanate; Sen
Respiratory sensitisation	Isocyanates, all (as -NCO) Except methyl isocyanate; Sen
Other relevant data	
Soudal Timber Adhesive Pro	40P
No data available	
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<u>xylene</u>						
IARC - classification		3; Xylenes				
TLV - Carcinogen		Xylene (all isomers); A4				
<u>ethylbenzene</u>						
IARC - classification		2B; Ethylbenzene				
TLV - Carcinogen		Ethyl benzene; A3				
polymethylene polypher	yl isocy	anate_				
IARC - classification		3; Polymethylene polyphenyl is	ocyanate			

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No chemical safety assessment has been conducted for the mixture.

SECTION 16: Other information

Full text of any H-statements referred to under heading 3:

- H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
- H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.
- H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
- H312 Harmful in contact with skin.
- H315 Causes skin irritation.
- H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
- H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
- H332 Harmful if inhaled.
- H334 May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
- H335 May cause respiratory irritation.
- H351 Suspected of causing cancer.
- H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled.
- H373 May cause damage to organs (ears (hearing damage)) through prolonged or repeated exposure.
- H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

CATION BY BIG

CLP (EU-GHS) Classification, labelling and packaging (Globally Harmonised System in Europe)

DMEL Derived Minimal Effect Level
DNEL Derived No Effect Level
EC50 Effect Concentration 50 %

ErC50 EC50 in terms of reduction of growth rate

LC50 Lethal Concentration 50 %

LD50 Lethal Dose 50 %

NOAEL No Observed Adverse Effect Level
NOEC No Observed Effect Concentration

OECD Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

PBT Persistent, Bioaccumulative & Toxic
PNEC Predicted No Effect Concentration
STP Sludge Treatment Process

vPvB very Persistent & very Bioaccumulative

Specific concentration limits CLP

polymethylene polypheny	/l isocyanate	C≥5%	Eye Irrit 2;H319	analogous to Annex VI
		C≥5%	Skin Irrit 2;H315	analogous to Annex VI
		C≥0.1%	Resp Sens 1;H334	analogous to Annex VI
		C≥5%	STOT SE 3;H335	analogous to Annex VI

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